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#### TABLE OF CONTENT

MESSAGE FROM THE RECTORiii
MESSAGE FROM THE ORGANIZING COMMITTEEiv
TABLE OF CONTENTv
POWERFUL THINKING AS KEY TO IMPROVING THE QUALITY OF LIFE  Laurance J Splitter
DEVELOPMENT OF WATER SAFETY GUIDE BOOK AND TUTORIAL VIDEO IN AQUATIC LEARNING AT PRIMARY SCHOOL  Ermawan Susanto
THE STUDENT TEACHER PEDAGOGICAL CREATIVITY  Wasidi
THE STUDENTS PHYSICAL FITNESS IN KEPULAUAN BANGKA BELITUNG Muhammad E. M. Simbolon <sup>1</sup> , Dzihan Khilmi Ayu Firdausi <sup>2</sup>
GREEN HISTORY ON HISTORICAL LEARNING FOR THE NEXT GENERATION OF PEASANT  Ika Ningtyas Unggraini
DEVELOPMENT OF TWO-TIER MULTIPLE CHOICE TEST FOR MEASURING CRITICAL THINKING SKILLS IN SCIENCE  Hafizhah Lukitasari <sup>1</sup> , Sri Yamtinah <sup>2</sup> , Peduk Rintayati <sup>3</sup>
IMPROVEMENT PROFESSIONAL LEARNING TEACHER AT WORK Niken Wahyu Útami¹, Suripah²
THE EFFECTIVENESS OF TEAM BASED LEARNING METHOD IN CREATING CRITICAL, CREATIVE AND RESPONSIBLE ATTITUDES IN STUDENTS  Chandra Perwira Negara
THE REFLECTION SOCIAL-COGNITIVE THEORY IN MATHEMATICS EDUCATION Salamia <sup>1</sup> , Urip Tisngati <sup>2</sup>
AUTHENTIC ASSESSMENT AND STUDENTS' MATHEMATICAL LITERACY Samsui Hadi
BUILDING A LEARNING ORGANIZATION CULTURE-BASED SCHOOLS  Mustabirin Alam <sup>1</sup> , Rahayu Fuji Astuti <sup>2</sup>

THE CRISIS OF MATHEMATICAL LEARNING Puji Nugraheni <sup>1</sup> , Dona Ningrum Mawardi <sup>2</sup>
THE RELIGIOSITY MODEL FOR RELIGION CLASS IN SANATA DHARMA UNIVERSITY  Martinus Ariya Seta
PROTOTYPE OF WALKING AIDS AND DETERMINANT OF QIBLA DIRECTION FOR BLIND BASED ON MICROCONTROLLER ATMEGA328  Rizky Ajie Aprilianto <sup>1</sup> , Pujiyanto <sup>2</sup> , Nur Anita <sup>3</sup> , Zia Putra Mashdiq <sup>4</sup> , Yohanes Primadiyono <sup>5</sup> 77
STUDENTS' ACTIVENESS IN LEARNING SOCIOLOGY OF CROSS-MAJOR IN 11 <sup>th</sup> GRADE IN SMA N 1 LUBUK ALUNG, WEST SUMATERA Rani Kartika
CRITICAL THINKING AND ITS AFFECTING FACTORS Slameto 91
IMPROVING THE QUALITY OF SCHOOL AS A SOLUTIONS OF EDUCATION PROBLEM  Dhian Arista Istikomah <sup>1</sup> , Irma Ayuwanti <sup>2</sup>
THE DEVELOPMENT OF READING TEXTBOOK ORIENTED TO CHARACTER EDUCATION USING MULTIMODALITY IN COLLEGE Sesmiyanti <sup>1</sup> , Yulmiati <sup>2</sup> , Rindilla Antika <sup>3</sup>
THE FORMS OF STUDENT VIOLENCE AT SENIOR HIGH SCHOOLS IN YOGYAKARTA  Ariefa Efianingrum
THE EFFECT OF EDUCATION ON POVERTY  Rafika Rahmadani <sup>1</sup> , Irwan Dinata Saputera <sup>2</sup>
TRADITIONAL GAMES BASED ON NEUROSAINS LEARNING FOR CHILDREN WITH BEHAVIOUR EMOTIONAL AND SOCIAL DISORDER  Erick Burhaein
DEVELOPING A FAIRY TALE BOOK BASED SAINSMATIKA FOR ELEMENTARY SCHOOL STUDENTS  Nur Luthfi Rizqa Herianingtyas <sup>1</sup> , Ali Mustadi <sup>2</sup>
DEVELOPMENT OF LEARNING MATERIALS ON THE SUBJECT OF STATIC FLUID ASSISTED FLIP BOOK MAKER  Syubhan An'nur <sup>1</sup> , Misbah <sup>2</sup> , and M. Noor Alifullah <sup>3</sup>
DO STUDENTS NEED THE ENGLISH SPEAKING PROGRAM?  Lathifa Rosiana Dewi <sup>1</sup> , Bayuk Nusantara Kr. J. T. <sup>2</sup>

THE INFLATION IMPACT TOWARD INDONESIA'S FOREIGN DEBT IN
2014-2016  Nova Yunita Sari Siahaan Fitri Istria, Asti Widiani
IMPLEMENTATION OF INCLUSIVE EDUCATION AND ITS CULTURAL PRACTICE IN PUBLIC SCHOOL (CASE STUDY AT SMPN 29, SURABAYA)  Tuti Budirahayu <sup>1</sup> , Marhaeni Mega Wijayanti <sup>2</sup>
PRIMARY SCHOOL PRE-SERVICE TEACHERS' PERCEPTIONS OF SCRATCH AND ITS ROLE IN FACILITATING STUDENTS TO LEARN CODING  Theresia Yunia Setyawan
STUDENTS' PSYCHOLOGICAL WELL-BEING AND ATTACHMENT TO GOD: MULTI-GROUP MODERATION OF PRAISE AND WORSHIP PRACTICES AND GENDER  Yohanes Budiarto
DEVELOPMENT OF INTERACTIVE COMPACT DISC (CD) BASED AUDIO VISUAL MEDIA FOR IMPROVING LISTENING SKILL ON LISTENING SUBJECT IN UNIVERSITIES  Herfyna Asty¹, Edwar Kemal², Siska³
THE EFFECT OF EXPERIENTIAL LEARNING MODEL ON NARRATIVE WRITING SKILL OF PRIMARY STUDENTS  Vina Anggia Nastitie Ariawan <sup>1</sup> , Rahman <sup>2</sup>
ENHANCING MATHEMATICAL UNDERSTANDING ABILITY BY DISCOURSE LEARNING WITHIN MATHEMATICAL BET LINE STRATEGY IN THE FOURTH GRADE PRIMARY STUDENTS  Inne Marthyane Pratiwi <sup>1</sup> , Tatang Herman <sup>2</sup> , Al Jupri <sup>3</sup>
THE EFFECT OF STUDENT FACILITATOR AND EXPLAINING ON THE AFFECT OF STUDENT FACILITATOR AND EXPLAINING WITH SCIENTIFIC APPROACH ON MATHEMATICS ACHIVEMENT Mohamad Nur Fauzi <sup>1</sup> , Budi Usodo <sup>2</sup> , Sri Subanti <sup>3</sup>
ELEMENTARY SCHOOL TEACHER EDUCATION PROGRAM OF UNNES STUDENTS' SKILL IN IMPLEMENTING BRUNER LEARNING THEORY  Nursiwi Nugraheni <sup>1</sup> , Wahyuningsih <sup>2</sup>
THE DEVELOPMENT OF GOOD QUALITY EDUCATION AND EVENLY SPREAD LEARNING OPPORTUNITIES AS ONE OF THE SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS (SDGS) IN INDONESIA  Lasmita Sihaloho <sup>1</sup> , Juli Arianti <sup>2</sup> , Riris Lawitta Maulina Siahaan <sup>3</sup>
INNOVATIVE EDUCATION; THE UPHOLDING PILLAR OF LIFE QUALITY FOR INDIVIDUALS AND COMMUNITY  Martin Iryayo <sup>1</sup> , Devi Anggriyani <sup>2</sup>

HIDDEN CURRICULUM IN SCIENCE LEARNING IN JUNIOR HIGH
SCHOOL Djohar Maknun
INTERNET APPLICATIONS IN THE SCHOOLS  M. Anas Thohir <sup>1</sup> , Habibi <sup>2</sup>
MEMBRANE COMPOSITE BIOPOLYMER BASED ON POLYETHER SULFONE FOR APPLICATION DIRECT METHANOL FUEL CELL (DMFC)  Fauziyyah Diyah Anggita Sari <sup>1</sup> , Titik Wulandari <sup>2</sup> , Annisa Widyastuti <sup>3</sup> , Haryo Rohmadiyanto <sup>4</sup> ,
Septiana Eka Mufliha <sup>5</sup>
CONTRIBUTION OF MATHEMATICAL EDUCATION IN IMPROVING QUALITY OF LIFE STUDENT BASIC SCHOOL  Lusi Rachmiazasi Masduki <sup>1</sup> , Budiharto <sup>2</sup>
DEVELOPING TEACHING - LEARNING MATERIAL OF INTEGER AT STUDENTS OF THE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL TEACHER EDUCATION P. Sarjiman
GOVERNMENT OF WEST NUSA TENGGARA'S POLICIES IN ORDER TO ESCALATE FOREIGN INVESTMENT (2015 – 2016)  Julia Rizky Utami
INVESTIGATING THE NEED OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS DEPARTMENT STUDENTS TOWARD SPEAKING MATERIALS IN UNIVERSITAS MUHAMMADIYAH YOGYAKARTA Siti Nurjanah
THE INFLUENCE OF LEARNING COMMUNICATION TOWARD STUDENTS' MOTIVATION LEARNING ON PRODUCTIVE OFFICE ADMINISTRATION COURSE IN SMK BINA WISATA LEMBANG Frisca Trioktaviani <sup>1</sup> , AnitaWiani <sup>2</sup> , and Amanda Utari <sup>3</sup>
STUDY OF RATIO PUBLIC JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL TEACHERS AT HULU SUNGAI SELATAN REGENCY AS EFFORTS TO PROVIDE BASIC DATA  Chairil Paif Pasani <sup>1</sup> , Ahmad Naparin <sup>2</sup> , Sri Hartini <sup>3</sup>
CARING FOR STUDENTS' HEART: HOW SOME TEACHERS BEHAVE WHEN THEIR STUDENTS ARE ANGRY AND FEEL DISSATISFIED WITH THEM Adi Suryani <sup>1</sup> , Soedarso <sup>2</sup> , Edy Subali <sup>3</sup> , Usman Arief <sup>4</sup>
THE DEVELOPMENT OF MATHEMATICS LEARNING MODEL THROUGH INQUIRY-BASED REALISTIC MATHEMATIC EDUCATION (PEMATERI) TO IMPROVE LEARNING OUTCOMES AND CHARACTER HIGH SCHOOL STUDENDT IN WONOGIRI  Yuli Bangun Nursanti 262

	DIFFERENCES INTO STRATEGIC COMPETENCE OF GEOMETRY BLEM	
	Zahra Nugraheni <sup>1</sup> , Budiyono <sup>2</sup> , Isnandar Slamet <sup>3</sup>	
STRA CITY	ATEGY EVALUATION OF METRO CITY TOWARD EDUCATION  Aulia Rahmawati <sup>1</sup> , Didik G Suharto <sup>2</sup> , Rino A Nugroho <sup>3</sup>	
	DENT'S INTENTION TOWARDS ENVIRONMENTALLY FRIENDLY AVIOUR IN SURAKARTA, INDONESIA Marinda Mega Nurfitriani <sup>1</sup> , Puguh karyanto <sup>2</sup> , Baskoro Adi Prayitno <sup>3</sup>	
	PROFILE OF STUDENTS' REASONING ABILITIES ON IRONMENTAL POLLUTION TOPIC Septri Rahayu <sup>1</sup> , Mohammad Azwar <sup>2</sup> , Parsaoran Siahaan <sup>3</sup> , Hernani <sup>4</sup>	
	GRATION OF DISCIPLINE AND RESPONSIBILITY CHARACTER HEMATIC LEARNING AT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL Husna Yusrina <sup>1</sup> , Sri Yamtinah <sup>2</sup> , Peduk Rintayati <sup>3</sup>	
	SS ELECTION: THE COPE OF CONSTRAINTS TOWARDS VOTER CATION SUSTAINABILITY  Hariyanti <sup>1</sup> , Misbahul Janatti <sup>2</sup> , Gigieh Cahya Permady <sup>3</sup>	
	URE-STORY BOOK BASED ON SCIENTIFIC APPROACH OUGH DISCOVERY LEARNING METHOD  Annisa Yulistia <sup>1</sup> , Harun Rasyid <sup>2</sup>	
THR THE MOD	OUGH DISCOVERY LEARNING METHOD	
THE MOD CENT	OUGH DISCOVERY LEARNING METHOD  Annisa Yulistia <sup>1</sup> , Harun Rasyid <sup>2</sup>	
THE MOD CEN' IMPI MUS	OUGH DISCOVERY LEARNING METHOD  Annisa Yulistia <sup>1</sup> , Harun Rasyid <sup>2</sup>	
THE MOD CENT IMPI MUST PROHIGI	OUGH DISCOVERY LEARNING METHOD  Annisa Yulistia <sup>1</sup> , Harun Rasyid <sup>2</sup>	
THE MOD CENT IMPI MUST HIGH	OUGH DISCOVERY LEARNING METHOD  Annisa Yulistia <sup>1</sup> , Harun Rasyid <sup>2</sup>	

LINGKAGE	<b>BETWEEN</b>	ECOLOGICAL	KNOWLEDGE	AND
			L STUDENT IN INDO	
IMPACT OF	E EDUCATION TO THE PROPERTY OF	ONAL ATTAIN	MENT ON PO	VERTY
			ETRIC ANALYSIS	
Losina Purna	estuti <sup>1</sup> , Dibyo Waski	ito Guntoro², Heni Dw	i Iryanti³	346
DEVELOPING	MOBILE LE	ARNING FOR P	RACTICAL EXERC	ISE IN
ECOLOGY US	ING THREE-L	AYER OBSERVA	ATION FRAMEWOR	RK
Rizki A. Saml	oodo¹, Baskoro A. P	rayitno2², Puguh Karya	anto3³, Eka Sulistyowati⁴	351
RELEVANCE	OF THOUGHT	AHMAD DAHL	AN IN THE EDUCAT	ΓΙΟΝ
Panji Hidaya	t			360
EVALUATION	OF LEARNIN	G MUSIC FOR O	CHILDREN WITH A	UTISM
			R'S PERCEPTION	
Tyas Kartiko	Sutawi¹, lan Harum	Prasasti², Yasmika Bai	haqi <sup>3</sup>	365
A STUDY OF	ENVIRONMEN	NTAL ATTITUDI	E AND ENVIRONM	ENTAL.
		OL STUDENTS IN		
Hephi Meilir	ida <sup>1</sup> , Baskoro Adi Pr	ayitno², Puguh Karyant	to <sup>3</sup>	371
FACTORS IN	FLUENCING I	FINANCIAL LIT	ERACY AND INVE	STING
		PINO PROFESS		
Janesa A. Tio	ong¹, Ma. Joan P. Ba	rlis <sup>2</sup>		378
GUIDED INQUESKILLS OF S MATERIALS I	UIRY METHO SEVENTH GF LESSONS	D TO IMPROV RADE STUDENT	ENCE LEARNING E CRITICAL THI TS IN HEAT TRA	NKING NSFER
TITEMATOTIC	anowo , i arsaoran s	nandan , wawan seda	**************************************	
			LEARNING ON S ELEMENTARY SCH	
	Fatmawati¹, Sri Yam	ntinah², Peduk Rintayat	ti <sup>3</sup>	406
THE DEVEL	ODMENT AN	D CHADACTE	RISTICS OF CRE	'ATIVE
			N GRADE X SENIOR	
SCHOOL				
Farida Rahay	/u¹, Edi Istiyono²			412
DEVELOPME	NT SEMESTEI	R LEARNING PL	AN (RPS) AND TEA	CHING
			BLEM BASED LEA	
(PBL)				
Trisna Helda	<sup>1</sup> , Dina Ramadhanti	2		417
			I AND AKHLAK SU YUMAS REGENCY	BJECT
				423

THE DEVELOPMENT OF LEARNING MATERIALS BASED ON LOCAL WISDOM PAINTING OF 4 <sup>th</sup> GRADE STUDENTS IN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL
M. Iqbal Arrosyad <sup>1</sup> , Retno Winarni <sup>2</sup> , Tri Murwaningsih <sup>3</sup>
AN EFFECTIVENESS OF HUMAN CAPITAL INVESTMENT IN EDUCATION PERSPECTIVE FOR EDUCATION PERSONNEL  Novri Pahrizal <sup>1</sup> , Petrus Ambarura <sup>2</sup> , Fitri Nur Mahmudah <sup>3</sup>
DEVELOPING NON-VIOLENCE EDUCATION TO ELIMINATE VIOLENCE AT SCHOOL AND CAMPUS Rukiyanto, S.J
THE IMPLEMENTATION OF LEARNING MATERIALS IN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL: THE ANALYSIS ABOUT STUDENTS' CRITICAL THINKING SKILLS  Umy Annisa Amaliana <sup>1</sup> , Sri Anitah Wiryawan <sup>2</sup> , Riyadi <sup>3</sup>
THE ISLAMIC BOARDING SCHOOL AS A CENTER OF CULTURE, COURTESY AND ART Anip Dwi Saputro
DEVELOPMENT OF RPKPS AND SAP LEARNING BASED INQUIRY IN THE SUBJECT PLANNING TEACHING IN INDONESIA LANGUAGE  Ninit Alfianika <sup>1</sup> , Rahayu Fitri <sup>2</sup>
CURRICULUM IMPLEMENTATION OF HIGHER EDUCATION ACCORDING TO NATIONAL STANDARD (SNDIKTI) AND INDONESIAN NATIONAL QUALIFICATIONS FRAMEWORK (KKNI) ON COURSE PHYSIOLOGY OF PLANTS  Herliani and Sri Purwati
IMPLEMENTATION OF SPIRITUAL ATTITUDE TO ENHANCE THE CHARACTER OF STUDENTS THROUGH LEARNING OF SOCIAL STUDIES  Naniek Sulistya Wardani. 484
THE CONTRIBUTION OF LEARNING COMMUNITY TO IMPROVE QUALITY OF EDUCATION IN INDONESIA  Nurul Istiq'faroh
USING VIRTUAL LABS TO ENHANCE STUDENTS' THINKING ABILITIES, SKILLS, AND SCIENTIFIC ATTITUDES  M. Firman Ramadhan <sup>1</sup> , Irwanto <sup>2</sup>
EFFECT OF COGNITIVE STYLE-BASED LEARNING STRATEGY TO STUDENTS' CONCEPTUAL UNDERSTANDING OF SCIENCE AND PROCESS SKILLS
· Arif Sholahuddin <sup>1</sup> , Lenny Yuanita <sup>2</sup>

CULTURE FOR EDUCATION AND EDUCATION FOR CULTURE Agung Setyawan, S.Pd., M.Pd
THE EXPLORATION OF JAVANESE ART VALUES AND CULTURAL VALUES IN KETHOPRAK PERFORMANCE AS THE MEANS OF ESTABLISHING CHARACTER VALUES FOR YOUNG PEOPLE  Budi Waluyo <sup>1</sup> , Favorita Kurwidaria <sup>2</sup> , Astiana Ajeng Rahadini <sup>3</sup> , Dewi Pangestu Said <sup>4</sup>
THE ROLE OF TEACHER IN BUILDING A GOOD SCHOOL IN THE BORDER AREAS OF NORTH BORNEO  Neni Novitasari <sup>1</sup> , Nila Kurniasih <sup>2</sup>
NUMBERED HEAD TOGETHER WITH REALISTIC MATHEMATIC APPROACH IN TEACHING MATHEMATIC VIEWED FROM ADVERSITY QUOTIENT  Ayu Choirul Mawar Sari Sugihatno <sup>1</sup> , Budiyono <sup>2</sup> , Isnandar Slamet <sup>3</sup>
ANALYSIS OF CODE SWITCHING AND CODE MIXING IN DEWI
LESTARI'S SUPERNOVA: AKAR  Dyah Fitri Mulati
LEARNING MEDIA INFLUENCE OF ACCOUNTING SONGS DEBIT - CREDIT SUBJECTS ECONOMICS ON LEARNING ACHIEVEMENT Novi Safitri <sup>1</sup> . Yuyun Kurniasih <sup>2</sup> . Dita Amelia Putri <sup>3</sup>
EARLY EDUCATION AND THE QUALITY OF LIFE: THE STUDENTS' PERSPECTIVES TOWARD ENGLISH FOR CHILDREN IN PRACTICE Endah Ratnaningsih
THE QUALITY GAP AND INEQUALITY OF EDUCATION IN INDONESIA  Budiharti550
THE MEANING OF SCHOOL FROM DROPOUT'S VIEW POINT (A PHENOMENOLOGICAL STUDY) Habibi <sup>1</sup> , Cally Setiawan <sup>2</sup>
CLASS MANAGEMENT IN IMPROVING STUDENT LEARNING ACHIEVEMENTS IN ISLAMIC BASIC SCHOOLS (CASE STUDY IN SD IT DARUL FALAH)  Anatri Desstya <sup>1</sup> , Fitri April Yanti <sup>2</sup>
BOCHE (BUILD OUR CHARACTER EDUCATION): APPLICATION ANDROID-BASED AS INNOVATIVE SOLUTIONS IN DEVELOPING CHARACTER EDUCATION OF THE YOUNG GENERATION  Ronny Setiawan
OPPORTUNITIES TO DEVELOP MOBILE LEARNING IN STATE UNIVERSITY OF MALANG  Agus Purnomo <sup>1</sup> , I Dewa Putu Eskasasnanda <sup>2</sup> , Nevy Farista Aristin <sup>3</sup>

APPLICATION OF CLASSICAL BASIC SINGING TECHNIQUES ON IMPROVING THE PERFORMANCE OF FRANZ XAVIER'S CHURCH PSALMIST YOGYAKARTA
A. Gathut Bintarto T
THE ALLEVIATION OF POVERTY IN THE CITY OF SEMARANG WITH SUSTAINABLE ELEMENTS OF EMPOWERMENT PROGRAMS  Suwarno Widodo <sup>1</sup> , Ririn Ambarini <sup>2</sup>
LEARNING INNOVATION MODEL OF PROJECT BASED LEARNING ON 2013 CURRICULUM TO IMPROVE THE QUALITY OF LIFE Mita Yuliana <sup>1</sup> , Sri Anitah Wiryawan <sup>2</sup> , Riyadi <sup>3</sup>
COMMUNITY ECONOMIC EMPOWERMENT STRATEGY TO INCREASE INDEPENDENCE AND WELFARE OF PAKET C LEARNERS  Dayat Hidayat
THE PERCEPTION OF SOURCE CREDIBILITY AND SOURCE ATTRACTIVENESS IN CLASSROOMS  Agustinus Rustanta <sup>1</sup> , Linus Kali Palindangan <sup>2</sup>
ANALYSIS OF FACTORS AFFECTING DECISION-MAKING OF A JOB TRAINING PARTICIPANT IN CHOOSING TRAINING PROGRAM AT THE SURAKARTA VOCATIONAL TRAINING CENTER  Cahyani Windarto 608
AN ANALYSIS OF LEARNING STRATEGY AND AUTHENTIC ASSESSMENT Andika Adinanda
HISTO: INNOVATION CHARACTERS EDUCATION MEDIA OF LOVE THE MOTHERLAND IN ELFMENTARY SCHOOL STUDENTS Andi Wibowo 621
BRINGING STUDENTS OUT OF THE LABORATORY: OPTIMIZING INTEGRATED SCIENCE PROCESS SKILLS THROUGH FIELD INVESTIGATION FOR ISLAMIC ELEMENTARY (MADRASAH IBTIDAIYAH) PROSPECTIVE TEACHERS  Esti Yuli Widayanti
EXCLUSIVE POLICY TOWARDS NATIVES PROSPERITY  Irmayani Misrah <sup>1</sup> , Desiderius P Sudibyo <sup>2</sup> , Rina H Haryanti <sup>3</sup>
THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE TEXTBOOK WRITING OF THE CHILDREN'S STORY BASED CHARACTER EDUCATION IN THE ELEMEN'TARY SCHOOL  Darsono <sup>1</sup> , St. Y. Slamet <sup>2</sup> , Winarno <sup>3</sup>

THE INFLUENCE OF TEACHERS TEACHING SKILLS TO STUDENTS LEARNING MOTIVATION OF CLASS X IN PRODUCTIVE SUBJECTS OF OFFICE ADMINISTRATION AT SMK NEGERI 1 CIANJUR Fitriyane Laila Apriliani Rahmat <sup>1</sup> , Mahisa Silmi <sup>2</sup> , Mia Sumiasih <sup>3</sup>
ANALYSIS OF FAIRY TALE LEARNING MATERIALS INSIGHT OF CHARACTER VALUES OF THIRD GRADE STUDENT OF ELEMENTARY SCHOOL  Cicilia Clara Devi Anggraini 1, Retno Winarni 2, Tri Murwaningsih 3
EVALUATION OF HEALTHY SCHOOL PROGRAM AT SD NEGERI KUTOWINANGUN 04 SALATIGA ACADEMIC YEAR 2014/2015  1Siti Zubaidah, 2Bambang Ismato, & 3Bambang Suteng Sulasmono
INTERFAITH COMMUNICATION AS A SUBJECT AND PRACTICAL LIFE  Kartika Kirana <sup>1</sup> , Novi Dwi Rusmawaty <sup>2</sup>
DESIGNING EMANCIPATORY LEARNING TO RESPONSE TO THE CHALLENGE OF THE 21ST CENTURY LIFE  Wahyu Wido Sari
A REFLECTION TOWARDS LEARNING PROCESS: MISCONCEPTION IN ENVIRONMENT TOPICS IN MIDDLE SCHOOL STUDENT  Nyna Adhitama <sup>1</sup> , Puguh Karyanto <sup>2</sup> , Sentot Budi Rahardjo <sup>3</sup>
REVITALIZATION OF EDUCATION PURPOSES IN SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL: A CASE STUDY IN INDONESIA  Marlina Ummas Genisa <sup>1</sup> , Saleh Hidayat <sup>2</sup>
COMMUNICATION PATTERN BETWEEN MOTHER AND CHILD IN FAMILY OF FEMALE MIGRANT WORKERS IN WONOSOBO REGENCY, CENTRAL JAVA Linus Kali Palindangan <sup>1</sup> , Agustinus Rustanta <sup>2</sup>
IMPROVING THE QUALITY OF SCHOOL IN POLITICAL DYNAMICS in INDONESIA Ria Wulandari
RESISTIVITY OF THIN FILM (Cu/Ni) USING ELECTROPLATING METHODS  Moh Irma Sukarelawan <sup>1</sup> , Rif'ati Dina Handayani <sup>2</sup> , Moh. Toifur <sup>3</sup>
THE INFLUENCE OF USING MIND MAPPING TECHNIQUE IN TEACHING NARRATIVE TEXT TOWARD STUDENTS' READING COMPREHENSION  Widyani Solihat
COMPUTER- BASED NATIONAL EXAMINATION: INVESTIGATING ITS EFFECTS TO THE STUDENTS  Hartini

BIPA LEARNING AS A GRADUATE PROFILE OF LEARNING AND ACHIEVEMENT OF EDUCATION STUDY PROGRAM IN INDONESIAN LANGUAGE PGRI STKIP SUMBAR
Refa Lina Tiawati R
BETTER MATERIAL FOR BETTER QUALITY, TEACHING CONVERSATIONAL SKILLS IN AVIATION CONTEXT OF PASSENGER-HANDLING  Anisa Putri Cahyani
SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY, ENGINEERING, MATHEMATICS (STEM) AS MATHEMATICS LEARNING APPROACH IN 21ST CENTURY Naila Milaturrahmah <sup>1</sup> , Mardiyana <sup>2</sup> , Ikrar Pramudya <sup>3</sup>
ANALYSIS OF TEACHING MATERIALS ON WRITING KID STORIES FOR THE FOURTH GRADE OF ELEMENTARY SCHOOL IN SURAKARTA
Yermia Tri Utami <sup>1</sup> , St. Y. Slamet <sup>2</sup> , Winarno <sup>3</sup>
DEVELOPMENT OF LEGAL EDUCATION IN SAUDI ARABIA  Muamar Salameh
INDONESIA CORRUPTION MUSEUM (ICM): AS AN ANTICORRUPTION EDUCATION LEARNING RESOURCE FOR THE COMMUNITY TOWARD CULTURAL INTEGRITY OF NATION  Dimasfahrudin <sup>1,</sup> Jenny Ayu Rahmawati <sup>2</sup>
ANALYSIS OF VOCATIONAL HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS' ENGLISH- LEARNING MOTIVATION AND ENGLISH NEEDS  Nurjannah Mutiara Gayatri <sup>1</sup> , Eko Budi Wibowo <sup>2</sup>
AN ANALYSIS OF TEST ITEM IN TAHSINUL QUR'AN EXAMINATION USING RASCH MODEL
Irfa Ma'alina Li'illiyyina <sup>1</sup> , Fajar Nur Cahyani <sup>2</sup>
MULTICULTURAL KNOWLEDGE INTEGRATION IN DEVELOPING INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS FOR CURRICULUM 2013 IN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL  Latifatul Jannah <sup>1</sup> , Suharno <sup>2</sup> , Triyanto <sup>3</sup>
STUDENTS' PERSPECTIVE ON ENHANCING ENGLISH SPEAKING ABILITY IN THE CLASSROOM Hafidz Wahyu Nur Cholis
PUBLIC PARTICIPATION IN IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PROGRAM TO ACCELERATE THE COMPLETION OF ILLITERACY Jan Pieter

DESIGNING A MICSTRAW TASK ON GIVING DIREC	TION TO
SUPPORT TASK-BASED LANGUAGE TEACHING (T	TBLT) IN
TEACHING SPEAKING	
Iga Yolanda	780
TEACHERS' SKILLS OF TEACHING ACCOMMODAT	ION AND
MODIFICATION FOR STUDENTS WITH LEARNING DISAB	
ELEMENTARY INCLUSIVE CLASSROOMS	LITTES IN
Sari Rudiyati <sup>1</sup> , Mumpuniarti <sup>2</sup> , Pujaningsih <sup>3</sup>	787
THE IMPLEMENTATION OF LOCAL WISDOM-BASED LEA	
ELEMENTARY SCHOOL: THE ANALYSIS OF INSTRU	JCTIONĄL
MATERIALS FOR 2013 CURRICULUM	
Siska Yuniyati <sup>1</sup> , Suharno <sup>2</sup> , Triyanto <sup>3</sup>	793
THE IMPLEMENTATION OF STS APPROACH IN A	DVANCED
NATURAL SCIENCE LEARNING ON APPLICATION OF OPT	
ELECTRICAL INSTRUMENTS' MATERIAL	1011211112
Erwinsyah Satria	798
SCHOOL STRATEGY IN IMPLEMENTING MULTIC	ULTURAL
EDUCATION IN SENIOR HIGH SCHOOLS IN INDONESIA Siti Irene Astuti Dwiningrum, Zamroni	902
Sitt if effe Astuti Dwiffingruffi, Zaffiroffi	603
ANALYSIS STATISTICS PER-GAME ON INDONESIAN BAS	KETBALL
LEAGUE SERIES III YOGYAKARTA 2016	
Budi Aryanto, Rizal Haqqi	809
EVALUATION OF THE IMPLEMENT TWO OF CURRICU	II IIM 0012
EVALUATION OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF CURRICU VOCATIONAL HIGH SCHOOL IN INDONESIA	LUM 2013
Badrun Kartowagiran <sup>1</sup> , Heri Retnawati <sup>2</sup> , Sutopo <sup>3</sup> , Faridl Musyadad <sup>4</sup>	<b>Ջ</b> 1 <i>/</i> I
badi di Kartowagi an , nen nethawati , batopo , randi Musyaudu	

## TEACHERS' SKILLS OF TEACHING ACCOMMODATION AND MODIFICATION FOR STUDENTS WITH LEARNING DISABILITIES IN ELEMENTARY INCLUSIVE CLASSROOMS

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#### Abstract

The aim of this study is to descript the skills of elementary inclusive teachers of teaching accommodation and modification for students with learning disabilities. This research is a descriptive research. Subjects were 40 regular teachers and 20 special teachers of Inclusive Elementary School using proportional sampling technique. Data was collected by using questionnaires, observations, interviews, and documentation and analyzed descriptively qualitative using interactive techniques. Findings from this study indicated that the skills of 60 teachers in teaching accommodation and modification for children with learning disabilities had done still not adequately. Flexibility in teaching accommodation and modification for children with learning disabilities is done in four things: (1) the provision of material and the way of teaching, (2) giving assignments and assessment, (3) the demands of time and schedules, and (4) the learning environment. Model of teaching accommodations and modifications is proven to be effective to improve the skills of teachers in the handling of children with learning disabilities.

Keywords: the skill of teachers, teaching accommodation and modification, children with learning disabilities

#### 1. Introduction

In developing country, the number of children with specific learning difficulty or children with learning disabilities is greater than children with other special needs. A research of Pujaningsih et al. (2002) in Berbah, Yogyakarta, Indonesia, found that 36% children have specific learning difficulty. In detail, 12% is slow learner, 16% is having specific learning difficulty, and 17% is mentally retarded.

The problem of learning disabilities is being a serious matter. Unfortunately, there is no sufficient action for handling the problem. In addition, people, especially teachers, are uncommon with the term of learning disabilities. This condition makes teachers misjudge their student as "stupid child", "lazy child", "underachiever", and so on.

In the other side, the existence of children with learning disabilities is the causal factor of stress experienced by teachers. It happens because the children show divergent attitude continually and low motivation and attention towards learning. Teachers in 18 elementary schools in Yogyakarta municipality clarify that

there are 3-4 students with learning difficulties in class and declare it as a burden.

There are views of importances of the research related to problems about children with learning disabilities. Teacher Preparation Program does not give any material about children with learning disabilities. It makes almost all of regular teachers are difficult to handle the children with learning disabilities. Then, the level of acceptance of teachers also affects their way to treat the children with disabilities. learning Unfortunately, acceptance of teachers is very rare (Bryan, 1997; Sale & Carey, 1995 on Pavri & Lutfig; Cook, 2000) so it is no wonder if a negative judgment concentrated to the children with disabilities. Lopes et al. (2004) agreed with the statements. They said that regular teachers are difficult to handle the children with learning disabilities and feel that the children with learning disabilities are burden for them. The children with learning disabilities need more time and attention to learn compared to other children but they are underachiever. A research of Sari Rudiyati et al. (2009) about learning model of accommodation to handle children with specific learning difficulty in various classes is difficult to apply because the low percentage of the acceptance of teachers towards the children with learning disabilities. There is bad impact caused by neglecting children's needs. Litch (Smith, 1998) said that wrong adaptation is the cause of failure faced by children with specific learning difficulty. Then, they are difficult to socialize and rejected by their friends (Farmer kin, 1996; Nabasoku & Smith, 1993 on Pavri & Lutfig, 2000). Lackaye and Margalit (2006) found that children with learning disability feel lonely and have bad emotion. The feeling can be developed to depression (Magg & Reid, 2006) and tendency to commit suicide. When teacher give a bad example to neglect student with learning disability, another students will imitate the teacher's attitude. Favazza et al. (2000) explained that the rejection towards children with learning disabilities happens in unsupported places to do rejection. Kim (2011) clarified that the existence of teachers is important to make a better situation that can encourage children with learning disabilities to interact with another children.

The main focus of the research is the existence of teachers as the main actor to establish situation of the class. Teachers expected to accept the children with learning disabilities and to develop strategy which is suitable for children needs. It will be the foundation of developing model of learning accommodation and modification. The model aims to educate teachers how to treat student with learning disabilities without being unaware with another students.

Learning model of children with learning disabilities based on learning accommodation and modification compiled in previous research needs to perfect because it focused only on general children with learning disabilities. Hopefully, this research can perfect previous research by focused on children with learning disabilities. It will be a guide-book which contains various alternatives to accommodate and modify the learning activity with clear applying steps.

Researcher team consists of researchers specialized in several studies that are: Inclusive Learning (Sari Rudiyati), Slow Learner Teaching and Intellectual Disability (Mumpuniarti) and Study of Children with Specific Learning Difficulty (Pujaningsih). The problem of national regulation and technical guidance which uninvolved the topic of children with learning disabilities should be solved. It needs the contribution of universities to support government's policy about inclusive learning.

The research will reveal facts such as the existence of children with learning disabilities and the need of knowledgeand skill by the teachers explicitly. The difficulty faced by researchers is children with learning disabilities are difficult to recognize; the existence and the needs. Then, there are some similarities between children with learning disabilities with slow learner so an accurate selection through reliable instruments is needed.

#### 2. Method

This research is descriptive research. Subjects were 40 regular teachers and 20 special teachers of Inclusive Elementary School using purposive techniques. The design of the research were preparation, implementation, data analysis, and reportation. Data was collected by using questionnaires, observations, interviews, and documentation and analyzed descriptively qualitative and quantitative using interactive techniques.

The research population was children with learning disabilities in Special Province of Yogyakarta, Indonesia. This research samples were undertaken in some different places in 15 inclusive elementary schools in Special Province of Yogyakarta, Indonesia; each of regency Yogyakarta, Sleman, Bantul, Gunungkidul and Kulon Progo. The details of distribution is 3 inclusive school in each of regency/city with criteria: 1) high prevalence of student with learning disability, 2) high commitment from school to apply inclusive education, 3) has at least 1 special teacher within the school. The variable of this research is teachers' skills of teaching accommodation and modification for students with learning disabilities in elementary inclusive classrooms.

This research used the instruments of gathering data such as questionnaire, observation guide, interview guide and documentation investigation guide. This questionnaire was used to reveal understanding, attitude and skill of teacher nowadays in implementation of learning accommodation and modification of children with learning disabilities. The documentation investigation about service regulation for children with learning disabilities in inclusive schools in national and regional level also becomes target in this research. Observation is directed to gain more information about: 1) implementation of teacher mentorship to understand guide book of accommodation and modification for children with learning disabilities, 2) implementation of

learning needs assessment of children with learning disabilities, 3) the making of design of learning accommodation and modification based on student needs, 4) implementation of learning accommodation and modification in high class (3, 4 and 5). Interview is aimed to gain information: 1) quality of implementation of learning accommodation and modification and supporting and obstructing aspects, conformity between selection of learning accommodation and modification with children 3) conformity between learning accommodation and modification guide book and teacher needs. Documentation is in form of student task before and after the implementation of program, and lesson plan containing learning accommodation and modification.

Data analysis was undertaken by descriptive qualitative techniqueusing interactive techniques.

#### 3. Results

The teachers of Inclusive Elementary School had done handling children with learning by disabilities model-based learning accommodation and modification that contains management class situation, the flexibility of the process and evaluation of learning. Flexibility is done in four things: (1) the provision of material and the way of teaching, (2) giving assignments and assessment, (3) the demands of time and schedules, and (4) the learning environment. Four points are supported by management that the academic climate supports situation "supportive learning environment". Climate academic support/enabling is anything related to the attitude, the behavior of the teacher and other students who demonstrate acceptance of the existence of children with learning disabilities. Acceptance of the teacher in this case is associated with positive teacher expectations towards children with learning disabilities.

Procedures for application of the model of learning accommodation and modification were divided into two sequences of implementation. First, preparations are made to realize a conducive academic atmosphere. This is not done by the teachers adequately, it is evident that there are still teachers who leave the classroom situation that is not conducive to such a rowdy class, students did not pay attention to the teacher's explanation. Second. the of collaborative implementation material accommodation and modification between teachers and sustainable. To realize the conducive academic atmosphere, the acceptance of the diversity of the student by the teacher an

absolute must have. Therefore, teachers need to look at the needs of children with learning disabilities and have adequate knowledge. Flexibility in the four domains described as follows: (1) materials and teaching ways, including: (a) The use of the learning method VAKT (visual, auditory, kinesthetic, tactile); (b) the provision of more frequent during the learning process; (c) use of tools (computers, calculators, tape recorders); (d) use of peer tutors; (e) assurance of the child's attention to the teacher before explaining the material; (f) the repetition in explaining the material; (g) flexibility of the children out of the classroom to receive any other additional learning. (2) the assignment and assessment, consisting of: (a) writing a list of tasks for the students who cannot write; (b) making homework somewhat different from his (adjustable capability); (c) provision of tasks easier/less than other friends; (d) question directly to students; (e) provision easier question; (f) provision of assistance in the task; (g) reading matter for students who cannot read. (3) the demands of time and schedule: (a) giving a break to rest; (b) giving more time to do the task. (4) the learning environment, among others: (a) provision of a separate examination for children with limited attention / easy switch; (b) the placement of a child in the front row of seats; (c) reuest to parents to pay more attention to children's learning at home; (d) the placement of students in a particular group (equivalent to their ability).

The application flexibility of learning that had been adapted to the needs of children with learning disabilities. Some things to note in this stage is a response to children with learning disabilities and friends/other students (verbal and non-verbal) and the smoothness of Teaching and Learning (whether learning competencies can be achieved).

Based on the results of questionnaires, interviews and observations, the activity of which was never performed teachers among others are: (1) provide easier question when having test/quiz; (2) provide a separate test for children which have easily switch attention; (4) allow the use of calculators, tape recorders, or computers; (5) allow the child out of the classroom to earn extra lessons from a special teacher.

Activity ever undertaken of teachers, among others: (1) exploiting the potential of another from children with learning disabilities to raise the motivation to learn; (2) create a task that can be corrected itself by children with learning disabilities; (3) create a task with graded

difficulty levels, easy, rather difficult and tough; (4) consult with other experts.

The activities of teachers rarely performed, among others: (1) encourage other students to help children with learning disabilities; (2) allow another student to help students who have not completed the task; (3) placing children with learning disabilities on certain groups (the equivalent of their ability) while working on the task; (4) using media that can be touched by the children.

Activities which are often done by the teachers among others are: (1) ensure the children's attention to the teacher before describing the material; (2) provide additional lessons to explain the material outside of the effective; (3) create a task with graded difficulty levels, easy, rather difficult and tough.

Activities which are always performed by the teachers among others are: (1) inquiry directly to the student to make sure he understands the material presented; (2) ask parents/families pay more attention to children's learning; (3) provide repetition in explaining the material.

#### 4. Discussion

The result of handling models of children with learning disabilities that the teacher of elementary inclusive school had done based on learning accommodation and modification. It was fond the previous model is a general guideline which has not pointed at children with learning difficulties and specifically to learning accommodation and modification. The model contains flexibilities in 4 aspects: a) material giving and way of teaching, b) task giving and assessment, c) time demand and scheduling, d) learning environment. There were in line to the model design of children with specific learning difficulty handling based on accommodation and modification had developed from previous model obtained from Pujaningsih (2007) and continued by research by Sari Rudiyati et al (2009). The previous model is a general guideline which has not pointed at children with specific learning difficulties and specifically to learning modification. This model contains flexibilities in 4 aspects: a) material giving and way of teaching, b) task giving and assessment, c) time demand and scheduling, d) learning area.

The result of analyzing children with learning disabilities and identifying an initial ability in mathematics and Indonesian language to recognize learning needs of student. In 15 elementary inclusive schools were predicted by the teachers of children with learning disabilities

about 115 children, but after done with screening only 50 children indicated as children with learning disabilities. This empirical fact showed the similarity condition between Indonesia and Thailand about identification of children with learning disabilities. In Chiang Mai Thailand 18 elementary inclusive schools were predicted by the teachers of children with learning disabilities about 120 children, but after done with screening only 68 children indicated as children with learning disabilities (Ratchaneekorn Tongsookdee, 2015).

Based on result of the questionnaire that the teachers answer show that most of teacher of elementary inclusive school still less of knowledge, acceptance response and skill to handle the children with learning with disabilities. This fact also similar with the finding of researcher from Chiang Mai University that most of teacher of elementary inclusive school still less of knowledge, acceptance response and skill to handle the children with learning with disabilities (Ratchaneekorn Tongsookdee, 2015). Teachers still not accepted, adapted and developed vet strategies appropriate to the conditions and needs of the children with learning disabilities in learning. It became a strong foundation in the early efforts to model development of the learning accommodations and modifications. This model seeks to meet the needs of teachers' knowledge, acceptance and teaching skills of children with specific learning difficulties without sacrificing other children.

Findings from this study indicated that the skills of 60 teachers in teaching accommodation and modification for children with learning disabilities had done still not adequately. Torey (2004) explained about the accommodation coverage which applied in the process of teaching and learning. There are some coverages of accommodation as follows: (1) material and way of teaching: (2) assignment and assessment in the class; (3) time demand and scheduling; (4) learning: (5) use of communication system. Children with learning disabilities can communicate with surroundings through language with no special specification so that the use of special language is not discussed in this research.

#### 5. Conclusion

Based on the research results and discussion, conclusions can be presented as follows: Findings from this study indicated that the skills of 60 teachers of elementary inclusive schools in teaching accommodation and modification for children with learning

disabilities had done still not adequately. The activities of teachers rarely performed, among others: (1) encourage other students to help children with learning disabilities; (2) allow another student to help students who have not completed the task; (3) placing children with learning disabilities on certain groups (the equivalent of their ability) while working on the task; (4) using media that can be touched and touched by children.

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